MODULE 2 WORKSHEET UNDERSTANDING SOIL STRATIGRAPHY IN ARCHAEOLOGY

We are going to learn how archaeologists understand and interpret an archaeological site.

Directions:

Listen to the discussion. Take notes and follow the discussion in order to answer this worksheet. Each group must consult the stratigraphic chart of Old Kiyyangan Village (OKV) and work together to answer the questions below. Students are free to draw on their charts and discuss their answers.

Questions:

- 1. Looking at the Old Kiyyangan stratigraphy, what is the oldest layer?
- 2. What is the youngest layer?
- 3. Looking at the animal bones found at OKV, what kind of animals did early Ifugaos eat?
- 4. What other ways did early Ifugaos use the animals they hunted?
- 5. How many years ago did evidence of rice start to show in the Old Kiyyangan stratigraphy?
- 6. Look at the Old Kiyyangan stratigraphy. What kind of crop or plant were early Ifugaos eating in the oldest layers (Layers V and VI)?
- 7. What is the most sacred crop or plant in Ifugao culture?
- 8. What do you find in the topsoil layer?
- 9. What do you think the dog bones in the pot mean?